

Westmorland and Furness Design Code Context Checklist

LUC

October 2025

Rural Replacement Dwellings Context Checklists

These checklists support the Context section for replacement dwellings in the Westmorland and Furness Design Code.

The tables below include question prompts for helping you understand the context of your proposal site in four ways:

- Step 1: Character Areas the national and local landscape character areas
- Step 2: the Surroundings of the Site the area around the site
- Step 3: the Site the proposal site itself
- Step 4: Heritage Checklist the historic character and whether there are any heritage assets or historic character to consider

Step 1: Character Areas

National Character Areas

Cumbria Landscape Character Types

Which Cumbria Landscape Character	
Type(s) does the site lie within?	
What are the key points about the	
Landscape Character Type(s) in the	
Cumbria Landscape Character	
Guidance?	
What opportunities or constraints do	
the Landscape Character Types	
present for the development of the	
site?	

National Parks and National Landscapes

Is the site within, or within the setting of, a National Park?	
If yes, have you reviewed the National Park's Management Plan? Does the development of the site further the purposes of the National Park?	
Is the site within, or within the setting of, a National Landscape?	
If yes, have you reviewed the National Landscape's Management Plan? Does the development of the site further the purposes of the National Landscape?	

Step 2: Surroundings

Landscape and Historical Context	
What is the settlement character of the	
surrounding area? For example, rural,	
hamlet or rural village, large village,	
market town.	
Are there any notable viewpoints and	
vistas towards, out of or across the	
site?	
How well-lit is the place? Does it have	
street lighting? What other forms of	
lighting are there? Is light pollution a	
problem?	
Movement	

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What are the existing public rights of	
way (PROW) routes and other existing	
footpaths in and around the site?	
What are the current walking and	
cycling provisions within the	
surrounding area?	
Nature	
What are the current landscape and	
natural features within the surrounding	
area? This can range from trees and	
hedges on neighbouring properties to	
green spaces, lakes, woodlands and	
high fells within the surrounding area.	
Are there any priority habitats and	
species (national or local) or	
designated ecological sites within the	
surrounding area?	
What is the flood risk, including	
groundwater, fluvial, marine and	
surface water, of the surrounding	
area?	
Are there any mitigation measures	
being deployed to prevent and	
minimise the risk of flooding?	
Built Form	
How are boundaries treated within the	
surrounding area? For example, dry	
stone walls, hedges, fences etc. Are	
there any inappropriate boundary	
features that harm the character of the	
landscape or townscape?	
Identity	
Are there any notable views or vistas	
within the surrounding area? Are there	
any notable views into and out of the	
site?	
What is the local building vernacular?	
What do the older houses or	
farmsteads have in common in their	
design, size and materials?	
What building materials are common,	
both for walls and roofs, within the	
surrounding area? Are there any local	
variations in colours, textures, shapes	
and patterns?	



Use	
What is the current function of the site	
within the settlement or wider context?	
What are the current land uses both on	
and adjacent to the site?	

Step 3: Site

Access points – How is the site accessed by vehicle and foot? Are there any improvements or adjustments needed to improve access?	
Landscape & ecology – Are there any existing natural features on site, for example trees, hedgerows, watercourses, ponds, other significant habitat? What is the boundary treatment of the site? How can these features be retained or enhanced? Are there any Tree Preservation Orders on site?	
Drainage – How well does the site drain and can this provide an opportunity for SuDS and wildlife? Does the site adjoin a watercourse? Is the site prone to flooding?	
Existing structures – what existing structures are there on the site? Are there opportunities to retain these structures or re-purpose materials?	
Existing utilities – Are there existing utilities on site that will need to be considered?	
Is the site in a groundwater source protection zone? (https://magic.defra.gov.uk/MagicMap.html)	
Orientation – How does the path of the sun affect conditions on site and outward views? What is the existing microclimate on the site?	
Biodiversity and Wildlife Habitats: Have you identified any protected species or habitats on the site, and what mitigation strategies will you employ to minimise impact?	
Materials and Sustainability: What local materials will you use for construction, and how will you incorporate sustainable	

practices, such as renewable energy solutions?	
Accessibility Features: What features will you include to ensure the site is accessible to all users, including those with disabilities?	

Typical analysis of the surroundings could include:

- Location and Landscape Setting: Overview of the site's geographical context and its relation to surrounding landscapes.
- Current Land Use: Analysis of how the land is currently utilised (e.g., mixed, agricultural, residential, commercial).
- Architectural Styles: Review of the built environment, noting variations in architectural styles and materials over time.
- Key Views and Vistas: significant views into, out of, and within the site, highlighting any notable sightlines.
- Vegetation and Open Spaces: Assessment of existing green spaces, woodlands, and individual trees that contribute to the landscape character.
- Public Realm Elements: Consideration of street furniture, signage, lighting, and boundary treatments that enhance or detract from the character.
- Local Landmarks: Identification of prominent features or structures that contribute to the area's identity and sense of place.

Step 4: Heritage Checklist

Which character area in the Cumbria	
Historic Landscape Characterisation	
Database is the site within? Will the	
development affect another character	
area? If so, which?	
What key points about the character	
area(s) are provided in Appendix 3 of	
the Cumbria Historic Landscape	
Characterisation Database ?	
Are there any listed buildings,	
scheduled monuments, registered	
parks and gardens or world heritage	
sites within the site or its surroundings	
(see	
https://historicengland.org.uk/listing/the-	
<u>list/map-search</u>)? If so, name them	
here.	
Is the site within a conservation area or	
its setting? If so, which area?	
If the site is within a conservation area	
or its setting, are there any relevant key	
points from the conservation area	
appraisal?	
Is the site within a Parish or Town with	
a Neighbourhood Plan? If so which?	
If there is a Neighbourhood Plan, does	
it have any key messages about local	
heritage and/or the site?	
Are there any locally listed buildings on	
or near the site?	
Based on the above answers, does the	
existing house or do any nearby	
buildings have any heritage	
designations? Is the existing house of	
historic interest in its own right or as	
part of the wider farmstead or	
settlement?	
Walking over the site and its	
surroundings, are there any buildings,	
structures or features that might be of	
historic interest?	

Possible Topics to include in a Historic Assessment:

- A discussion on location and landscape setting
- Historic layout and street pattern how the area has changed over time based on historic map analysis
- Influence of local geology and topography e.g., agricultural practices, building materials, settlement location
- The potential for below-ground archaeology
- How the settlement relates to the surrounding countryside e.g., fields, back plots, access routes, views in and out
- Roads, railways and other communication routes
- Built form and the variety or consistency of architectural styles
- Existing and historic views and vistas, especially leading in or out of a settlement
- Building materials and detailing
- Open spaces, landscapes and trees
- Public realm areas including street furniture, lighting, boundary walls
- Local landmarks
- Intangible elements which contribute to the area's 'sense of place' like a noisy marketplace or serene churchyard